The Proposed Colton Coal Mine and the Great Sandy Ramsar Site Dr Tanzi Smith, Mary River Catchment Coordinating Committee

Susan River

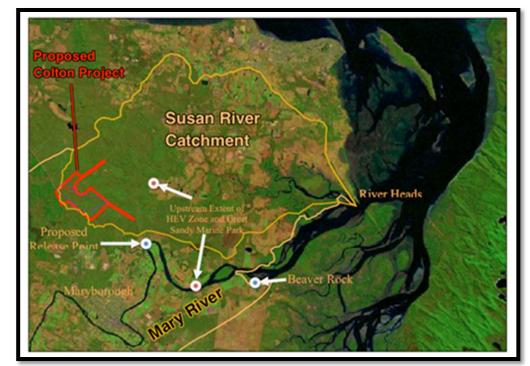
Mary River

Proposed Colton Mine

Photo: Nikki Michail

Key Facts about the Colton Mine

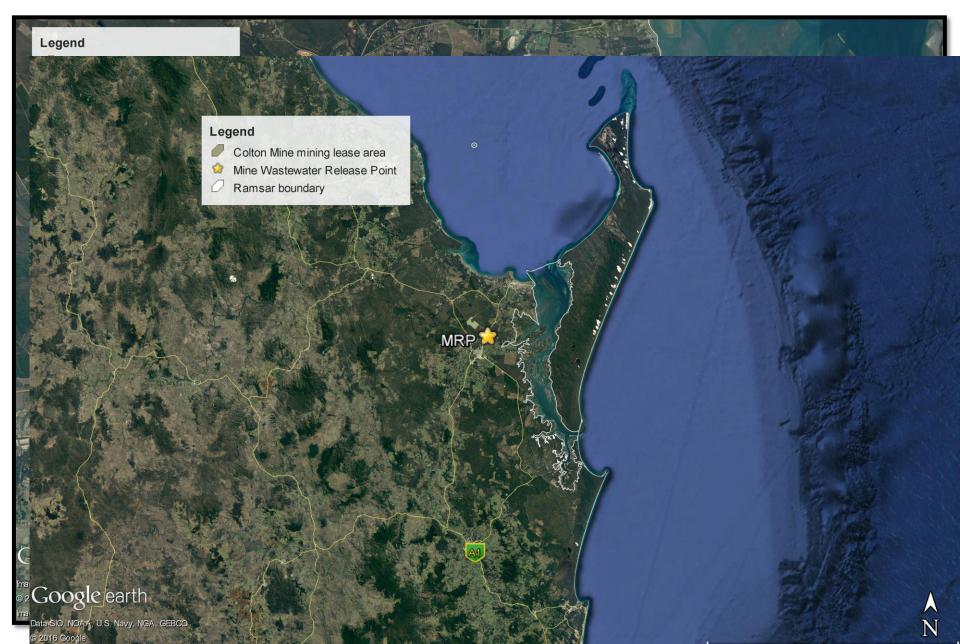
- First proposed in 2009
- Qld Govt approval in 2017
- 8km from Maryborough
- Owned by New Hope Coal
- 0.5 Mtpa of export coking coal (expansion possible)
- Affects the Susan River and Mary River



Source: New Hope Coal

"The Susan River catchment is notable for its intact connectivity between estuarine and freshwater systems which is important for diadromous fish migration." Queensland Government, 2011

Getting a sense of scale on the project



What are the issues with the mine?

- Regular discharge of heavy metal contaminated untreated waste water into the Mary River
 - Up to 5.8% of the daily flow
 - Due to Acid Mind Drainage it is acidic (low pH) and contains heavy metals
 - Releases to the river contain concentrations of heavy metals above 80th percentile background levels
 - Cobalt six times
 - Cadmium nine times
 - Manganese sixteen times
 - Selenium twenty nine times
 - Concentrations of Cobalt, Cadmium and Manganese will exceed *High Environmental Value* safety guideline levels

What are the issues with the mine ?

- 2. Risk of **uncontrolled discharge** of heavy metal contaminated untreated waste water into the Susan
 - Dams storing the wastewater have been under designed
 - Current design: 1 in 20 year critical wet season, 1 in 10 year storm
 - Previous design: 1 in 100 year critical wet season, 1 in 100 year storm
 - Wastewater exceeds High Environmental Value guidelines for 11 heavy metals, e.g.
 - Manganese 680 times the guideline
 - Chromium 940 times the guideline
 - Cadmium 340 times the guideline
 - Dilution is not a solution
 - Mean annual runoff of the mine catchment is 4 ML. Volume of the Mine Water dam is 678 ML.

What are the issues with the mine ?

- Environmental authority allows a void to be left behind
 - 111ha in area and up to 50m deep
- 4. Inadequate monitoring required in the Environmental Authority granted by the Qld Government
 - No sediment monitoring
 - No monitoring of the Susan River
 - No ecological monitoring

In Summary

- New Hope's own modeling shows that the mine will worsen water quality in the Great Sandy Strait Ramsar Wetland
- Consequences for the food web, interconnected habitats, processes and threatened species in the Great Sandy Strait have not been assessed
- If the mine proceeds the monitoring required in the Qld Government issued Environmental Authority is unlikely to detect impacts on the ecosystem

Process to date

- 2007 Northern Energy Corporation (NEC) propose project
- 2010 Commonwealth decides "not a controlled action"
- 2011 New Hope Coal take over NEC
- 2012 Public comment period on the EMP (State Govt)
- 2014 Environmental Management Plan approved, draft environmental authority granted
- November 2016 AADAM lose Court Case
- December 2016 MRCCC submitted request for reconsideration
- December 2016 Environmental Authority Granted by Minister Miles
- 2017 Mining Lease Granted by Minister Lynham
- March 2017 Public Comment Period on the request for reconsideration 1800+ submissions
- 29 September 2017 Notified by delegate of Minister Frydenberg that 2010 "not a controlled action" decision stands
- 13 October 2017 Received legal advice from EDO and Independent Barrister that judicial review of decision unlikely to be successful because no "legal error"



We've done it before, we can do it again